

"Nothing is given so profusely as advice."

The inference clearly is that only occasionally is advice of value. But when an expert's advice is asked on

## Gorham Silver

and he pronounces emphatically in its favor, that advice may be assumed to be of value. Experience, indeed, has proved that for three-quarters of a century Gorham silverware has been distinguished for beauty of design, excellence of workmanship and purity of quality, characteristics vouched for by the Gorham trade-mark.



## BRAVERY OF AN APE; SAVES KEEPER'S LIFE

SOKO, OF THE BRONX ZOO, FORGETS HIS OWN PERIL.

HE IS UNDAUNTED BY FIRE

Rolls His Keeper on the Floor and Extinguishes His Burning Clothes.

NEW YORK, November 20.—A six-foot chimpanzee saved one of his keepers from being burned to death in a fire in the monkey house in the Zoological Park in the Bronx.

This mischievous person caused the fire by throwing a match into the chimpanzee cage, setting its bedding of hay and straw ablaze. The keeper tried to rescue the ape. His clothes caught fire and the animal rolled him over and on the floor until the blaze was extinguished. The chimpanzee himself was badly burned and his head and feet are now wrapped in bandages.

There were 800 persons in the monkey house when the bedding blazed up. Two policemen rushed the keeper to the hospital, but the building, with the idea of catching the thrower of the match. The only result was to throw the crowd into a panic.

Soko is the chimpanzee's name, and the animal is becoming so prominent that it won't be long before he will give a public exhibition.

## LEFT IT TO THE MINISTER.

How Valparaiso Girl Will Decide Who She Will Marry.

(Special to The Indianapolis News.)

BRAZIL, Ind., November 20.—A romance of a year's standing came to an unhappy end today when the bride-elect decided she loved another.

A year ago James Smith, a hardware dealer, now living in California, met Katherine Walters at school in Valparaiso, and they fell in love at first sight. Young Smith went to California, while his sweetheart remained at her home in Valparaiso. To-day was the day set for their marriage, and the couple had planned a meeting at Tolen, a small town a few miles from Brazil.

The couple met according to agreement, the minister was secured and everything was in readiness for the ceremony, when the bride, who had been away from her sweetheart, decided that her love had grown cold and that she loved another, but refused to tell who the other was.

Smith, however, refused to give up the girl, and she agreed that the minister act as arbitrator. If he decided that it was her Christian duty to marry the man who came from California, she would do so, and the question is resting with the minister.

## SITE AT RICHMOND.

Federal Building will be Erected at Ninth and North A Streets.

(Special to The Indianapolis News.)

WASHINGTON, November 20.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor has approved as the site for a new public building at Richmond, Ind., the corner at Ninth and North A streets. The property was purchased from Mary E. Baer and Ella Johnston for \$15,000. Elkhart is set for final decision next Monday.

## GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

The coffee habit is quickly overcome by those who let Grain-O take its place. If properly made it tastes like the best of coffee. No grain coffee compares with it in flavor or healthfulness.

TRY IT TO-DAY.

At grocers everywhere; 15c. and 25c. per package.

If You Want Everything Clean and Bright, Try

BAR-KEEPER'S FRIEND

METAL POLISH, 25c. 1-lb. box. At Druggists or Dealers.

## THE SCHOOLBOOK LAW ASSAILED BY TRUSTEES

MR. GIBNEY SAID IT WAS ONLY GOOD FOR THE COMPANIES.

BETTER PAY FOR TEACHERS

Steuben County's Financial Troubles—The Subject of Township Roads—Management of the Poor.

The greater part of to-day was devoted by the Indiana Trustees' Association to the discussion of needed legislation. The morning was given to talks on defects in the school and road laws of Indiana. For more than an hour the trustees discussed the school laws of the State, and there were numerous recommendations for changes.

John W. Gibney, of Wabash county, opened the session with a paper on "Needed Legislation for Indiana Schools." Mr. Gibney assailed the present textbook law and his opinions concerning revision of the law were heartily concurred in by the trustees. The schoolbook companies are thorns in the flesh of the trustees. Mr. Gibney said that the present schoolbook law was good only for the book companies, and he urged that the law be revised so that it would not be compelled to act as the agent of the book companies.

He said that the books should again be placed in the hands of the book dealers. It is a sweetmeat for the book companies, but they can kill the jobbers' profit by making a trustee a book agent, was the opinion offered by Mr. Gibney. The speaker also referred to a growing sentiment in favor of free textbooks. He believed that the State should not be expected to give Indiana children free textbooks.

Mr. Gibney urged the repeal of the law that makes it unlawful for a township trustee to be re-elected. He also urged the codification of the school laws of Indiana, so as to prevent further confusion.

Dealers Should Handle Books. Louis Schermer, of Allen county, discussed the schoolbook law, and urged that the State get out of the book combine business. He believed that the books should be placed in the hands of the dealers. Mr. Schermer also advocated better pay for teachers.

In his advocacy of better pay for teachers, Mr. Schermer found a hearty champion in J. W. Drago, of Delaware county. Mr. Drago said that unless the wages of the school teachers of Indiana were increased, the State could not be expected to maintain a high standard of education.

"I have known teachers who have spent the best part of their days teaching at a small salary," said Mr. Drago. "Now they are almost paupers, because they have the best part of their lives for nothing. Raise the pay of our teachers and you raise the standard of our schools."

Mr. Drago's appeal met with hearty approval. He was discussed by J. D. Butt, of Allen county; G. M. Gay, of Wells county; Orlando Shandy, of Pike county; M. H. Trusler, of Fayette county; Lafayette Kimmeling, of Madison county; and B. B. Sprague, of Steuben county.

Mr. Sprague comes from the county that had trouble in paying its teachers, and he gave a lengthy explanation of its causes. In Steuben county the teachers give two months' salary every year, because the county is unable to pay them. Mr. Sprague said that the tax levy was now at the statutory limit, and could not be raised. The trustees discussed the matter at length, and suggestions for relieving Steuben county of her financial burden were offered. All suggested an increased tax levy except Vice-President McAfee, who urged that as the property assessment is to be revised next year it would be wise to urge an increased valuation and thus remain within the present statutory limit. Steuben county needs the money.

## Township Roads.

Shortly before noon the subject of township roads was taken up. John H. Pulling, of St. Joseph county, read a paper on the subject. He urged the passage of a law that would make railroad crossings at the crossings should not be so steep. Mr. Pulling also advocated saving the trees along the highways and a law making it compulsory for farmers to keep the weeds cut along the highways passing their farms. He reviewed the question of the duties of the road supervisor and his relation to the trustee in doing his work. Mr. Pulling also advocated a codification of the road laws. J. S. Rogers, of Sullivan county, also talked on the subject of roads.

This afternoon the discussions were continued. "Ditches" was ably discussed by E. F. Coates, of Grant county, and Lafayette Kimmeling, of Madison county.

## TRUSTEES AGAINST HUNTERS.

Their Association Wants More Stringent Laws.

A dramatic incident marked the afternoon session of the Indiana Trustees' Association yesterday. Col. Isaac W. Brown, known as "the bird and bee man," offered a resolution in which he urged the trustees to lend their influence to the passage of a law in the next Legislature that would restrict the killing of quail for three years.

"If, after three years of absolute freedom from the hunter's bullet," said the humanitarian, "the quail become too numerous, I would advocate the passage of a law that would permit the farmers to catch them in nets and kill them humanely."

President Bloss then made a declaration of war on the Indiana hunter, and said that hunters were not permitted to chase over his farm in Delaware county. He also said that he had ordered his men to kill all dogs that invaded the place. That would be the end of the hunters. For the declaration President Bloss was roundly applauded by the trustees.

The president then obtained the sentiment of the trustees on the question of

quail hunting. He did not put Colonel Brown's resolution in its original form, restricting the killing of quail for three years. He left out the three-year clause. By a unanimous vote the trustees voted in favor of a more stringent quail law. Every man expressed himself against the Indiana hunter.

## The Township Institute.

During the afternoon E. A. Hutchins, superintendent of schools in Hamilton county, read a paper on "The Township Institute." He reviewed the school history of Indiana, and carried it up to the inception of the township institute. R. D. Davis, of Hendricks county, and J. H. Woodward, of St. Joseph county, led in a spirited discussion that drew several of the trustees into a debate.

The principal topic discussed under the head of township institutes was the tendency of the teachers to avoid attending institutes. Several trustees offered suggestions of a remedy, but practical "Phil" Sullivan, of Miami county, came forward with what the trustees consider a real remedy.

"I will tell you how I get the teachers to attend institute," said Trustee Sullivan. "They are paid \$2 a day for attending. As a business proposition I demand their attendance, or they don't get the money. If a teacher comes late to institute he loses half day's pay. I am never too busy to give one day a month to my teachers' institutes, and am always there promptly at 9 o'clock. If all of the teachers are not there promptly, I ask why. I demand exactness from them, just as the State demands exactness from pupils. At the second institute held in my township I showed them how the no-pay system worked. Only two teachers were there at 9 o'clock. At 9:30 o'clock the same two teachers were there, and then the adjournment. At 9:45 all of the teachers were there. I gave them a lecture on punctuality and cut them off with a half day's pay. It did the work. They are always on time now."

## New Officers.

The nominating committee made its report, as follows:

Vice-President—B. F. Stalker, of Clark county.

Secretary—Louis W. Dunfee, of White county.

Treasurer—William H. Goff, of Vermilion county.

The new district chairman selected were as follows: First district, D. W. Smith, of Princeton; Second district, Bernard McAfee, of Mitchell; Third district, Isaac Phillips, of Jeffersonville; Fourth district, James Stewart, of Madison; Fifth district, S. R. Davis, of North Salem; Sixth district, Ora Sanders, of Middletown; Seventh district, Pearson Mendenhall, of Indianapolis; Eighth district, J. M. Blount, of Muncie; Ninth district, C. W. Reynolds, of Cassville; Tenth district, James O. Beatty, of Crownpoint; Eleventh district, Eli Coates, of Marion; Twelfth district, Louis Schermer, of Wells county. The new district chairman, Charles Jackson, of Rochester.

## A CHANGE OF PRISONS.

Male Prisoners in Indiana District to be Sent to Ft. Leavenworth.

The Department of Justice at Washington has made an important order relating to the Federal Court of the district of Indiana. Notice was given Judge Baker to-day by Joseph B. Keating, United States district attorney, that hereafter all male prisoners convicted in the Indiana district and sentenced to the penitentiary, shall be imprisoned in the United States prison at Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

All female prisoners, as heretofore, shall be sent to the State prison at Columbus, O. The male prisoners, convicted in the Federal courts in Indiana, have been sent to Columbus, and a number are there now serving long-time sentences. The most important Indiana prisoner at Columbus is Richard Davis, the Washington (Ind.) bank robber, who lost a big fortune at craps and other forms of gambling.

It is not the understanding at the Federal Court here that the male prisoners from this State, now at Columbus, are to be transferred to Ft. Leavenworth.

The Federal grand jury adjourned to-day, and returned forty-three indictments. District Attorney Keating said they were largely for minor offenses. There are more indictments than usual for post-office robberies and less for counterfeiting.

Oliver Merrill, Oscar Sorrenson and G. W. Tracy, indicted for counterfeiting, Earl Reed, Larry Davis, E. K. Marsh, W. L. Watt, L. E. Mark, John Blainey, Martin Gullford, Charles Kimmeling, Sullivan and George Lutz, indicted for violating the postal laws, were arraigned before Judge Baker this afternoon. They have been in jail here waiting trial.

The names of the others indicted will not be known until arrests have been made.

## IRON-WORKS INCORPORATED.

Noelke-Richards Iron-Works, Filed Articles—Other Incorporations.

The Noelke-Richards iron-works, of Indianapolis, to-day filed articles of incorporation at the State House. The capital stock is \$75,000 common, and the company may issue \$100,000 preferred, which is to bear 6 per cent. dividends per annum cumulative. The directors are Frederick Noelke, Christian F. H. Waterman, W. J. Richards, Hugh Richards and James A. McKim. The company is a consolidation of the Haughey-Richards iron-works and the Indiana incorporation iron-works.

Other incorporations were: The Press Oil Company, of Montpelier; capital stock, \$30,000. Directors, E. C. Harte, W. B. Judson and G. W. Merck.

The Citizens' Abstract, Guaranty and Loan Company, of Merck; capital stock, \$12,000. Directors, A. A. Laird, Jerome Clark, J. A. Ross, G. M. Good and J. A. Hedgcock.

## A GET RICH QUICK SCHEME.

Attorney-General Taylor Rules a Company Out of Indiana.

Attorney-General Taylor has given the Auditor of State an opinion that the Provident Home Co-operative Company, of Pennsylvania, which desired to do business in Indiana, can not be granted the right.

The Attorney-General said that by its literature the company disclosed that it was one of the "get-rich-quick" concerns. The "Citizens' Abstract, Guaranty and Loan Company," which desired to do business in Indiana, can not be granted the right. The Attorney-General said that by its literature the company disclosed that it was one of the "get-rich-quick" concerns. The "Citizens' Abstract, Guaranty and Loan Company," which desired to do business in Indiana, can not be granted the right.

## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL MENTION

Mrs. W. H. Tennie has returned from Martinsville. Mrs. George Phila Meyer will not observe her usual reception to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. George T. Porter have gone to Clarksville, Tenn., and New York. Mrs. D. B. Kuckhaber has returned from French Lick, where she spent a few weeks.

Mrs. Susan H. McKernan is spending a month with Mrs. Anna C. Reame and family.

Mrs. A. H. Goldberg has returned from Detroit, accompanied by her sister, Miss Nellie Lipman.

Mrs. Isadore Berkson, of Chicago, is visiting Mrs. and Mr. E. J. Johnson, 1430 North Alabama street.

Mrs. S. E. Perkins will give a small party for the ladies in honor of Mrs. Jesse Overstreet.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick A. Gregory will give a party for the ladies in honor of Mrs. Frank and Paul.

Mrs. Nannie H. Ross will entertain this evening in honor of Mrs. and Mr. Johnson, of Anderson.

Frank A. Weisenborn has joined his law office with that of Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, of Anderson.

Mrs. D. A. Guld, of Warsaw, and Mrs. George Cooper, of Greensburg, are guests of Mrs. E. J. Johnson.

Mrs. Katherine Seaton Brown returned to-day from Peoria, accompanied by Mrs. G. L. Brown, of Peoria.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis H. Levey will give a dinner this evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Levey, of Indianapolis.

Mrs. Mary Dickerson and daughter Belle, who visited friends at Mapleton, have gone to Denver to spend the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Patton have returned from their recent trip to New Jersey street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Jordan will entertain this evening in honor of Mrs. Jordan, of Peoria.

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ing the curve into Washington street, preceded and followed by other cars, while the crowd pressed close to the tracks to get aboard. Shelby Grant was in this crowd with an armful of papers. He was on the front steps of the car, and heavy trucks of the car passed over his left leg above the knee and his right leg above the ankle. Both were amputated at the City Hospital.

There has been much complaint of the recklessness shown by newsboys in jumping on cars, due to the keen competition in selling papers. It is said that if an ordinance preventing boys from jumping on street cars was enforced passengers would buy their papers before boarding the cars.

"A PIPE DREAM" ROMANCE. Two Fortunate Members of the Unfortunate Company to be Married.

A marriage license was issued to-day that will make Miss Laura Luella Lenine, known in the stage as Lucy Lenine, and Mrs. Benjamin Padrick, of Indianapolis, the unfortunate couple in a "Pipe Dream" romance. The romance grew out of the unfortunate couple in a "Pipe Dream" romance.

When manager Edwards took "A Pipe Dream" for a brief and trying tour, he had in his cast Mr. Padrick and Mrs. Lenine. They played parts adapted to romantic purposes beautifully.

The company, though in hard times, continued to travel, but its sorrows were not so numerous that it could overlook the sunny smiles that passed between the woeful Padrick and the woeful Lucy. After the company was disbanded, Mr. Padrick and Mrs. Lenine came back to town. Mr. Padrick sought employment in other lines.

An amusing incident marked the granting of the license, that even the nervous bridegroom could not fail to appreciate. Padrick laughed heartily and remarked that he hoped the incident was not an evil omen. Deputy Clerk Sam Shank is not familiar with the marriage license, but he was called on to issue the license.

By a strange oversight Shank picked up the insanity inquest record, and proceeded to issue the license through the medium of that record. Shank halted, however, when he reached the question: "Has he shown any previous mental deficiencies?"

Shank looked at the top of the book and discovered that it said: "Insanity Inquests."

"I guess this record is not suitable," remarked the blushing clerk. And Padrick enjoyed the laugh immensely.

CAUGHT ALLEGED BURGLARS. Bridgeport Citizens Sent Three Suspects to This City.

An attempt was made last night at 11 o'clock to break into Stewart's general store at Bridgeport, but the doors and windows were burglar proof. A noise was heard by the proprietor of the store, who crossed the road and he and his clerk, armed with revolvers, and a shotgun, went to the store, but found that the burglars had not gained an entrance.

By that time a large crowd had gathered and started in pursuit of the burglars. Three men who had come into town in a go-cart train were seized, and, not being able to give satisfactory explanations, were brought to Indianapolis and placed in jail on a charge of attempted burglary. They gave their names as Charles Burk and James Monroe, Cleveland, O., and Frank Harvey, Chicago.

FOR DEACONESS HOSPITAL. The Phoebe Society is Holding its Annual Fair at Tomlinson Hall.

The Phoebe Society of the Protestant Deaconess Hospital opened its annual fair at Tomlinson Hall to-day. No admission will be charged during the day-time, but after 7 p. m. there will be an admission fee of 10 cents. Dinner and supper will be served each day.

The hall has been tastefully decorated and a number of attractive booths arranged. A program of music will be arranged for each evening. To-night the News-Newsboys Band will be the chief attraction, to-morrow evening there will be an exhibition of gymnastics by the German Turners of the city. On Saturday evening the Phoebe Society will give an exhibition drill. The fair will close Saturday night.

THE STORY OF A HAT. It Was Left by a Burglar in a South Capitol-Avenue Home.

True K. Dolan, a presser, could not explain to the satisfaction of Judge Stubbs, to-day, how his hat happened to be in the home of Oscar E. Black, at 239 South Capitol avenue, a few nights ago. Mrs. Black awoke and saw a burglar in her room. She awakened her husband and he chased the man out of the house with his revolver. The next morning a hat bearing Dolan's name was found. Dolan was arrested and identified by Black as the burglar. He claimed the hat was stolen from his home, at 432 West South street, and that the thief must have carried it in the Black home. He was sent to the grand jury.

MRS. CALDWELL RELEASED. She May Not be Tried Again on the Murder Charge.

Mrs. Beryl Caldwell, who, with her husband, William Caldwell, was on trial this week for the murder of Daniel Sullivan, has been released on her own recognizance. The jury failed to agree on a verdict against her, though her husband was convicted of manslaughter. It is not thought likely that she will be tried again.

NEW BADGES FOR POLICEMEN. Indianapolis policemen are to wear a new style badge, of the shield pattern. The "special policeman" will wear a badge with the words, "Indianapolis Board of Safety," on a raised plate. The board decided that the stars worn by the regular patrolmen were too easy to imitate. After the new badges are made, all the special policemen, including the "beat" policemen, and other officers of that sort will be recalled, and no badges of any kind issued except to policemen and special policemen.

COLORED NEWSBOY INJURED. Lost Both Legs Under a College Ave. Street Car While Selling Papers.

The custom of hundreds of newsboys boarding moving street cars, in their efforts to sell papers, culminated in an accident at 6 o'clock yesterday evening, in which Shelby Grant, colored, eight years old, lost both legs. Stages, offices and factories were emptying themselves of crowds of people, who hurried to catch the cars for their homes, and the vicinity of Illinois and Washington street presented its usual appearance of busy life. College-avenue car No. 201 was found

## GOOD GAS WELLS MAY BE PLUGGED, COURT SAYS

APPELLATE COURT RULES ON A LIVE GAS BELT QUESTION. LEASE CAN NOT BE CANCELED

In a Case Where a Gas Company Stopped a Producing Well to Get Oil.

The decision of the Appellate Court, to-day, construing a lease of land to develop gas and oil, is interesting, in view of the oil interests in the Indian gas belt. The court holds that the contract is not forfeited because the company plugged a good gas well and refused to operate it.

Many land owners, it is said, have sought to cancel leases for failure to develop gas in order that they may be free to enjoy larger profits in any oil under their lands.

The court affirmed the Blackford Circuit Court, which ruled against canceling a contract between R. E. and John A. Gadsbury and the Ohio and Indiana Consolidated Natural and Illuminating Gas Company, by which the latter was to have the right to drill for gas and oil on the Gadsbury land, the company to pay the land owners \$500 a year for the production of each gas well while the gas was used off the premises, and one-sixth of all oil produced.

The complaint alleged that the company plugged a gas well and found a large quantity of gas, but closed the well and refused to transport the gas. The land owners contended that the lease was forfeited by the failure to perform the "implied covenant" to operate. The court construes the contract strictly and takes no notice of the "implied covenant" to operate. Fraud in making the contract was not alleged. Judge Henley wrote the opinion.

SCHOOL BOARD UPHELD. Act of 1899 Mentioned Regarding Annexed Schools.

The Supreme Court decided to-day that when Shelby County, Allen county, was incorporated in April, 1897, and a board of school trustees for the school city was elected and qualified, the school property within the corporate limits, previously controlled by Maumee schools township, passed to the control of the School Board of the town, notwithstanding the fact that Maumee township owned a debt for the purchase of the lot or construction of the school buildings.

The court holds that at the time of the incorporation of Shelby City no law made the payment of a debt a condition of transfer of property to the school city. Maumee township attempted to refuse to give possession until the town paid a debt of \$1,000. Refusal was based on an act of 1899.

The Supreme Court holds that the act of 1899 does not apply to this case at all because it refers to property "annexed," and in this case there was no annexation. The court says it is unnecessary to pass on the constitutionality of the act of 1899 regarding school property in "annexed" territory. Judge Dowling wrote the opinion and the Allen Circuit Court is affirmed.

DAMAGES FOR A STEELWORKER. The Appellate Court affirmed the Madison Circuit Court, which awarded to David N. Williams \$4,000 against the American Tinplate Company, for injuries he sustained while working as weldmaster. A car bearing hot steel bars broke, and the hot steel fell against him.

TRACK ELEVATION CASE. It May Not Be Decided for Some Time—New Brief Filed.

The Supreme Court will not decide the track-elevation case for some time. To-day the court allowed E. D. Salisbury, a young attorney of Indianapolis, to file a brief as amicus curiae, or friend of the court, and the court gave the Union Railway Company thirty days to meet the arguments in the new brief. Such briefs are unusual. Salisbury was secretary in the office of Judge Francis E. Baker when he was a member of the Supreme Court. Salisbury's brief is in support of the city's right to compel the company to elevate the tracks. He points out that the company has elevated its tracks in certain places, and says the court can take judicial notice of the fact. The city has its own interest, and, therefore, can be required by the courts, under its charter, to elevate tracks in the interest of the public.

CAB COMPANY MUST PAY. Mary A. Krug's \$2,500 Damages Are Affirmed by the Appellate Court.

The decision of the Marion Circuit Court awarding Mary A. Krug \$2,500 damages against the Frank Bird Transfer Company and the Indianapolis Street Railway Company, was affirmed by the Appellate Court to-day.

The case arose when the west baggage room of the Union station, when through no negligence on her part, the court found, a street car swung around Louisiana and Illinois streets, and the rear of the car struck